

2in1 Single Breast Pump Online Shop

2in1 Single Breast Pump

Please read all instructions carefully before using the MAM 2in1 Single Breast Pump for the first time. Keep these instructions in a safe place for future reference.

1. Product description

- 1.1. Product description for electric use
- 1.2. Product description for manual use



2. Safety notes

- 1. This appliance must not be used by children because children do not understand the hazards involved.
- 2. Children should be supervised to ensure that they do not play with the appliance.
- 3. Keep all parts of the breast pump and packaging out of reach of children.
- 4. Remove and safely dispose of all packaging from the breast pump. Children can swallow parts.
- 5. Secure the charging cable and make sure that it cannot be pulled inadvertently, causing the appliance to fall onto the floor.
- 6. This appliance is not intended for use by persons (including children) with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge unless they have been given supervision or instruction concerning the safe use of the appliance by a person responsible for their safety.
- 7. This appliance is intended for domestic use only.
- 8. Use this product only for its intended use, as described

in this manual. Never use attachments that are not recommended by the manufacturer.

- 9. Never use any electric adapter or battery that was not supplied with the pump.
- 10. Only connect the appliance to voltages in accordance with the rating plate on the electric adapter.
- 11. Before using the appliance for the first time, be sure to remove all the packaging materials and any components not used, to ensure your child doesn't injure themselves or swallow parts.
- 12. Do not use the appliance within the reach of children. Secure the power cord and make sure that it cannot be pulled inadvertently, causing the appliance to fall onto the floor.
- 13. Check the breast pump each time before use and only use it if the appliance and power cord are intact. At the first sign of any damage, the component in question must be either disposed of or repaired.
- 14. The appliance may only be opened by an authorised service center. Opening by any unauthorised person will automatically make the warranty invalid. Repairs may only be performed by specialist personnel. Improper repairs can create serious safety hazards for users. This also applies to the replacement of the power cord.
- 15. This electric appliance must not be immersed in water or washed in a dishwasher. If it accidentally falls into water, do not reach for it. Unplug immediately.
- 16. When cleaning the pump unit, unplug the adapter.
- 17. Ensure that the tubing is clean and does not contain any drops of water.
- 18. Never place the device's electric pumping unit or adapter in the microwave or expose to high temperatures.
- 19. Turn the toggle switch off if the device is out of use for long periods.
- 20. Charge the battery at least once a month. To maximize the working life of the device, charging time should not exceed 6 hours.
- 21. Always unplug the power cord from the outlet after each use.
- 22. Always keep the instruction manual in a safe place.

- 23. Appliance is only to be used with the power supply unit provided with the appliance.
- 24. This appliance contains batteries that are only replaceable by skilled persons.
- 25. This appliance contains batteries that are nonreplaceable.
- 26. For the purposes of recharging the battery, only use the detachable supply unit provided with this appliance.
- 27. This appliance is intended for domestic use only. Do not use outdoors.
- 28. Use of accessories, transducers and cables other than those specified or provided by the manufacturer of this equipment could result in improper operation.
- 29. Never operate this product if it has a damaged cord or plug, if it is not working properly, if it has been dropped or damaged or dropped into water.
- 30. If the electric adapter or supply cord is damaged, it must be replaced by manufacturer, an approved service agent or similarly qualified person in order to avoid a hazard. Separation of the casing can result in electric shock.
- 31. DO NOT remove the battery yourself. Inbuilt lithium battery is non-removable, it's prohibited to discharge for use. As the battery needs to be collected, please ask for help to remove the battery from the appliance at the recycling location.
- 32. This breast pump should not be operated while traveling on an airplane.
- 33. The device is not suitable for use in the presence of flammable anaesthetic mixtures with air or with oxygen or nitrous oxide.
- 34. This product should never be left unattended when plugged in.
- 35. If the power adapter outer casings become loose or are separating, stop use and contact the device manufacturer immediately. Separation of the casing can result in electric shock.
- 36. Do not place the product in direct sunlight.
- 37. Do not use while bathing.
- 38. Portable RF communications equipment (including peripherals such as antenna cables and external antennas)

should be used no closer than 30 cm (12 inches) to any part of the breast pump, including cables specified by the manufacturer. Otherwise, degradation of the performance of this equipment could result.

39. Use of this equipment adjacent to or stacked with other equipment should be avoided because it could result in improper operation. If such use is necessary, this equipment and the other equipment should be observed to verify that they are operating normally.

3. Cleaning and maintaining the appliance

Before using your MAM 2in1 Single Breast Pump for the first time and after each use, all parts that come into contact with the breast and breast milk must be separated, cleaned and sterilised.

- · Only drinking-quality water must be used for cleaning.
- · Do NOT sterilise the tubing or pump unit.
- · Do NOT clean the inside of the tubing as no milk should enter it!
- Completely air dry or towel dry before reassembly and next use. Partially wet components may affect the operation of the electric breast pump.
- Ensure that the tubing is free from any liquid. Do not operate the electric breast pump if any liquid is visible in the tubing (see chapter 7 Troubleshooting).
- Take care not to damage parts of the pump set during cleaning.

3.1. Cleaning by hand

Before cleaning, all parts of the pump must be separated. Begin by rinsing all parts in cold, clear water. Then wash all parts in warm soapy water; with a damp cloth or sponge and rinse thoroughly with cold water afterwards. Do not use any abrasive cleaning agents such as anti-bacterial solutions, as these could damage the appliance's surface. Leave the separated parts to drip dry or use clean paper towel.

3.2. Cleaning in the dishwasher

To clean the breast pump in the dishwasher, place the separated parts on the top rack of the dishwasher or in the cutlery section. When washing the pump parts in the dishwasher, the components may become discoloured by food pigments – this does not affect their function. We recommend to carefully clean the valve body and valve membrane by hand to prevent damages and to ensure that those small components do not get lost.

3.3. Cleaning the electric pump unit

To clean the electric pump unit, unplug the appliance, switch it off and wipe it with a clean, damp cloth. Never place it in a dishwasher for cleaning. The appliance must not be immersed in water.

3.4. Sterilising the breast pump

Before using the pump for the first time and after each use, all parts of the pump except the tubing and the electric pump unit must be sterilised.

The separated pump parts can be sterilised in boiling water for at least 10 minutes, in an electric or microwave steam steriliser or in cold sterilising liquid. Store the pump set in a clean bag or container and use the funnel cover for further protection of the silicone cushion until next use.

Please note: never sterilise the assembled pump – always separate the parts. **Important:** allow all parts of the breast pump to fully cool and dry before use.

4. Using the appliance

4.1. Electric pumping

4.1.1. Assembly

For hygiene purposes, please wash your hands thoroughly before assembling the breast pump.

- Place the silicone cushion into the funnel adapter. Make sure to connect the silicone cushion to the rim of the funnel properly by fitting it over the rim (Fig. 1).
- Place the membrane into the funnel adapter, cover with the membrane cap and screw on tightly (Fig. 2).
- · Carefully press the valve membrane into the hole of the valve body until it engages. The valve membrane

should be pressed flat and tight to avoid air leakage (Fig. 3).

- Please note: the valve membrane ensures that there is a total barrier between the breast milk and any pathogenic agents.
- · Now correctly place the valve membrane with the valve body onto the funnel adapter (Fig. 4).
- Firmly screw the bottle onto the funnel adapter (Fig. 5).
- The tubing has two connectors on the two ends. Attach the connector to the air vent of the membrane cap (Fig. 6) and the one on the pump unit separately, ensuring a tight fit (Fig. 7).



4.1.2. Charging the electric pump unit and pumping in mains operation

- When the adapter is connected to the pump, the pump can be powered and charge the battery at the same time.
- For charging or pumping when the battery is empty, connect the plug to the pump unit and insert the adapter into an electrical socket (Fig. 8). To charge, switch the toggle switch at the bottom of the pump to OFF.
- For pumping, make sure that the toggle switch is switched to ON. The LED on the pump will flash, indicating that the device is in standby mode.
- When the battery power is low, the pump will switch off automatically.
- Once the battery is fully charged, it will stop charging to protect the battery from damage.

4.1.3. Preparing for pumping

- Wash your hands with soap. Wash your breasts and nipples with a warm washcloth and clean, fresh water.
- · Squeeze a little bit of milk out of each nipple to make sure the milk ducts are not clogged.
- Ensure that all parts of the pump are clean and disinfected before use.
- Before using, make sure that the pump is properly assembled and fully screwed onto the bottle.
- Ensure that the toggle switch at the bottom of the pump unit is switched to ON and that the battery is charged or the pump plugged into an electrical socket.
- Place the funnel firmly on your breast. Make sure that no air escapes through the side, otherwise no suction will develop.
- Support the breast with your hand from below and hold the funnel onto your breast with your thumb and index finger (Fig. 9).
- Expressing milk without using the silicone inlay is more effective than with the silicone inlay. So you may want to remove the inlay once you become more comfortable with expressing!



4.1.4. Pumping Interface display guide



Turn on the breast pump by pressing O. The 2-phase expression process begins with the stimulation mode. This produces a short, quick sucking rhythm until your milk starts to flow. The pump will start with Level 1 of the stimulation mode by default. There are 9 different levels of suction strength, which can be adjusted by pressing $\bigcirc \textcircled{O}$.

You can see the selected level on the display:

Once the milk starts flowing, you can switch to the expression mode. To do this, simply press \textcircled . The expression mode starts with Level 1 and has a slow rhythm to express the milk. The expression icon \clubsuit will then appear on the right of the display. The expression strength can be adjusted to 9 different levels by pressing $\bigcirc \textcircled$. The simple up/down buttons allow you to control the vacuum to suit your comfort level, as this is when milk will flow best. Research has shown that pumping is more efficient – getting more milk in less time – when pumping at a maximum vacuum level during the expression plase.

When the pump is running on battery power, the battery icon 📟 will show how much power is left. When the battery runs out, 🕒 will flash.

A timer starts running as soon as you start pumping. After 30 minutes, the pump switches off automatically. Healthcare professionals recommend that you pump for 15 minutes per breast. To resume pumping, press ⁽¹⁾. To stop pumping before the 30 minute period, press ⁽²⁾. After pumping and for transportation always switch the toggle switch to OFF to avoid starting the pump unintentionally.

Expressing milk or stimulating does not come easily to everyone. If you find it is less comfortable than you had hoped, ask your midwife or other healthcare professional for advice.

4.2. Manual pumping

4.2.1. Assembly

For hygiene purposes, please wash your hands thoroughly before assembling the breast pump.

- Place the silicone cushion into the funnel adapter. Make sure to connect the silicone cushion to the rim of the funnel properly by fitting it over the rim (Fig. 10).
- Insert the inner cap stopper into the membrane until it engages properly (Fig. 11).
- · Insert both parts into the funnel adaptor (Fig. 12).
- · Screw the handle holder on top of the membrane (Fig. 13).
- Connect the handle to the handle holder so that it clicks firmly into place (Fig. 14). Then place the inner cap stopper in lock position by pulling the upper part of the cap stopper into the opening closer to the pump handle (Fig. 15).
- Carefully press the valve membrane into the hole of the valve body until it engages. The valve membrane should be pressed flat and tight to avoid air leakage (Fig. 16).
- Now correctly place the valve membrane with the valve body onto the funnel adapter (Fig. 17).
- · Screw the bottle onto the funnel adaptor tightly (Fig. 18).



4.2.2. Preparing for pumping

- · Wash your hands with soap. Wash your breasts and nipples with a warm washcloth and clean, fresh water.
- Squeeze a little bit of milk out of each nipple to make sure the milk ducts are not clogged.
- Ensure all parts are clean before use.
- Before using, make sure that the pump is properly assembled and fully screwed onto the bottle.
- · Sit comfortably and lean forward slightly. Place a glass of water within easy reach.
- · Place the funnel firmly on your breast. Make sure no air escapes through the side, otherwise no suction will

develop.

- Support the breast with your hand from below and hold the funnel onto your breast with your thumb and index finger (Fig. 19).
- Expressing milk without using the silicone inlay is more effective than with the silicone inlay. So you may want to remove the inlay once you become more comfortable with expressing.

4.2.3. Pumping

- Use your other hand for pumping.
- Hold the adaptor neck with your thumb and the handle with your remaining fingers.
- Press and release the handle to operate the pump at a speed of approximately 60 times per minute. Only squeeze the handle as far as it remains comfortable and adjust the speed to your personal preference (Fig. 20).
- We recommend a faster pump rhythm to stimulate milk flow. Once the milk starts flowing, you can switch to a slower rhythm.
- · Try to pump consistently to keep the milk flow established.

Expressing milk or stimulating does not come easily to everyone. If you find it is less comfortable than you had hoped, ask your midwife or other healthcare professional for advice.

4.3. Use in combination with the MAM Storage Solution (for electric or manual pumping)

- Remove the Easy Start base with its silicone valve and screw the Storage Solution on in its place. This unit can now be screwed onto the pump. All sizes of Easy Start bottle can be used in this way (Fig. 21).
- Bring the pump to the breast and express. Please refer to the instructions for electric or manual pumping.
- · Unscrew the Storage Solution and close securely with the lid (Fig. 22).
- To label with the date and time of expression, use the special two-part area on the Storage Solution. A pencil is best.

5. Storing and warming breast milk

5.1. Storage

- Expressed breast milk can be stored either in the MAM Easy Start bottle or in the Storage Solution.
- The Easy Start bottle with the expressed milk can be sealed with the bottle screw ring, teat and lid (Fig. 23).
- Breast milk can be stored in the fridge in the Easy Start bottle or Storage Solution for up to 8 days at 4c or lower.
- Breast milk can be kept in the Storage Solution in the freezer for 6 months. Please note: the Easy Start bottle is not suitable for storing expressed milk in the freezer or freezer compartment.
- Do not store breast milk in the door of the refrigerator. Instead, choose the coldest part of your refrigerator (this is at the back of the glass shelf above the vegetable compartment).
- If you have a 3-star freezer in your fridge, do not store milk for longer than 2 weeks.
- It is recommended that breast milk is frozen in small portions of 50-120ml / 1.5-4.0 UK fluid ounces. Fill the Storage Solution only up to the 120ml level mark for freezing. Never overfill.
- Use milk that has been stored the longest first.
- When transporting breast milk, it is important that the cooling chain is not interrupted.

5.2. Milk warming

- Defrost frozen milk in the fridge overnight, carefully in a water bath or with a bottle warmer that offers a defrost setting, such as the MAM Electric Steriliser & Express Bottle Warmer.
- Do not put the milk in a microwave to heat: if you do, micronutrients and important immunological properties will be lost.
- To warm the milk, place in a bath of hot water or a bottle warmer. To warm to body temperature, running water can also be used. Start with cold running water and gradually increase the temperature until the milk is











warm.

- Remove the screw ring of the Easy Start before placing the bottle in the water bath or bottle warmer for warming. Be sure to remove teat and lid before heating.
- NEVER heat or cool a sealed bottle: You MUST remove the lid/teat and collar as a whole beforehand.
- Breast milk should never be refrozen. Pour warmed unused milk away.
- · Never mix newly expressed breast milk with frozen milk.
- · Always check the temperature of the milk before feeding.
- Once your baby has drunk from a bottle of breast milk, it should be used within the hour and anything left over should be thrown away.

5.3. MAM Storage Solution

Instructions for use:

- · Check all components before each use. Throw away at the first signs of damage or weakness.
- This product is suitable for food contact.
- Fill the Storage Solution only up to the 120ml level mark for freezing. Never overfill.
- Use a pencil for the washable labelling area. Do not use permanent markers.

Cleaning & Sterilising

- Before first use, separate all parts and place them in boiling water for 5 minutes. This is to ensure hygiene.
- All components are top rack dishwasher safe (max. 65°C / 149°F).
- Components may become discoloured as a result of food contact or cleaning in the dishwasher. This does not affect their performance.
- Do not use abrasive cleaning agents. Use only soft bristle brushes or soft sponges. Rough/hard scourers can scratch the plastic.
- Sterilise using one of the following methods: steam sterilising (electric or microwave, according to the manufacturer's instructions), boiling in water for at least 10 minutes or immersing in a liquid sterilising solution.
- · Can be stacked after cleaning when dry.

Warming baby food (do not overheat):

- To warm baby food, we recommend placing it in a bath of hot water or a bottle warmer.
- Remove the lid of the Storage Solution before placing the cup in a bath of hot water or a bottle warmer.
- To distribute heat evenly, stir the baby food thoroughly after heating and allow time to cool.

For your child's safety and health:

WARNING!

- · Always use this product with adult supervision.
- · Keep all components not in use out of the reach of children.

6. Feeding

MAM recommends the MAM Easy Start™ Anti-Colic Bottle for feeding breast milk.

6.1. Easy Start™ Anti-Colic Bottle

Tip: MAM recommend following our instructions carefully and taking note of the highlighted red text, warnings and 'MAM tips': due to the smart design of the bottle which offers great features like self-sterilising and the vented base for reducing colic, it just needs a little more care and attention for use.

Quick Start

- Before first use, disassemble and clean the product and then place the components in boiling water for 5 minutes. This is to ensure hygiene. See specific chapter to find out more about cleaning.
- Inspect all individual bottle parts before each use and pull the feeding teat in all directions. Throw away at the first signs of damage or weakness.
- Assemble the bottle as per diagram below, ensuring the valve is firmly/correctly pressed down and parts screwed together correctly.



1. Place the silicone valve into bottom ring.



2. Press down firmly on the raised perimeter of the silicone valve.



3. Screw the assembled base onto the bottom of bottle, in a slow and steady manner.



4. Insert the teat into the top of bottle screw ring until you hear a "click".

Cleaning

- Before first use place in boiling water for 5 minutes. This is to ensure hygiene.
- Before first and each use, clean in warm soapy water and rinse well with clean water before sterilising, in order to ensure hygiene. Avoid harmful ingredients in the soap such as alcohol, chlorine, and/or microplastics.
- Do not leave items standing in the cleaning detergent like soapy water longer than recommended this could affect the product print design and scale fading/coming off. All bottle parts MUST be disassembled for proper cleaning. Cleaning/sterilising while assembled can damage the bottle.
- Dishwasher safe on top dishwasher rack (max 65 c) but please be aware food colourants may discolour the bottle components.
- Do not use abrasive cleaning agents. You can clean the bottle parts with a soft bottle brush such as the MAM Soft Brush, which can also be used to gently clean inside the teat. Hard scourers may scratch the plastic.
- Ensure no residual food remains in the bottle parts after cleaning and sterilising.

Sterilising

- After cleaning, you are now ready to sterilise using one of the following methods: Cold water tablet/ liquid solution, boiling for 10 minutes, steam sterilising (electric or microwave according to manufacturers instructions) or self-sterilising.
- · UV sterilising of MAM bottles is not recommended.
- NEVER screw bottle parts together when sterilising or self-sterilising. This can damage the bottle and distort the threads where the bottle screws together which could cause leaking.
- Do not leave bottle parts in direct sunlight or heat longer than recommended, as this may affect the product function.
- Do not leave bottle in sterilising solution longer than recommended, as this could affect the product print design and scale fading/coming off
- ATTENTION: be careful when dealing with disinfected products as they may still be hot.
- Always handle disinfected products with clean hands and/or teat tongs. Teat should not be touched by hands
 after disinfection.
- After sterilising, we recommend leaving your bottles to cool for at least 10 minutes before making up a feed.

Self-Sterilising

- The self-sterilising feature of the Easy Start Bottle, is proven to be effective for killing common household germs and bacteria. For best results, please follow all instructions carefully:
- Clean thoroughly as instructed above before self-sterilising.

Step 1: After cleaning, assemble bottle parts in the following way: base with white silicone valve, teat with screw ring/collar, bottle body and lid.

Step 2: Using the scale on the bottle lid, measure 20mls of tap water and pour this into the base (with white valve).

Step 3: Place the screw ring/collar with teat on the bottle base with water. Place and rest the bottle body over this. (DO NOT SCREW DOWN). Place the lid on top – your bottle is now ready for self-sterilising.

• Set your microwave timer according to how many bottles you are simultaneously cleaning. Set microwave from 500 to 1000 Watts.





Number of bottles sterilised at the same time	1	2	3	4	5	6
Estimated duration of sterilising [min]	3	4	5	6	7	8

After self-sterilising allow bottle to cool down before removing from the microwave.

• Recommended cooling time at least 10 mins with opened microwave door. Be careful to hold the base and keep the bottle straight when removing from the microwave to avoid spilling any left over hot water.

After the process is complete, if the bottle is left as assembled in step 3, it will remain disinfected for up to 48 hours. When self-sterilising on the go, you should self-sterilise, assemble your bottle and make up your feed straight after self-sterilising.

- After cooling time and using the bottle straight away: remove from the microwave and pour away any leftover water carefully. Shake parts to remove excess water.
- When assembling do not worry about some water remaining on the bottle parts, this has been disinfected.

Self-Sterilising – IMPORTANT FACTS

- · Follow the user manual instructions for your microwave/device.
- Ensure that all parts from the self-sterilising bottle and microwave (including waveguide cover and turntable) are COMPLETELY clean and free from dirt, food residue, fat or oil splashes. If not this could lead to the product melting, the microwave sparking or the waveguide cover burning!
- The self-sterilising bottle should always be placed on the outer sides of the turn plate, and not in the centre of the plate as this could result in uneven heat distribution for disinfection.
- · Do not leave your microwave unattended during the sterilising process.
- Never self-sterilise your bottle without water or incorrect water level; please be sure to use exactly 20mls of tap water.
- Always set the microwave to the correct power and time. If using a combination microwave, ensure the bottle is not exposed to the heat of the grill because this will damage it.

Making up your bottle - Formula Feeding

- NEVER PREPARE A BOTTLE WITH A BABY/TODDLER PRESENT/CLOSE
- NEVER POUR BOILING WATER INTO THE BOTTLE
- Make sure you leave your sterilised bottle to cool for at least 10 minutes before making up a feed in it.
- After you have cleaned/sterilised your bottle you are now ready to make up your bottle making sure all parts are assembled correctly/tightly.
- Fill the kettle with at least 1 litre of fresh tap water (do not use water that has been boiled before). Once boiled, the water should be left to cool for at least 20 minutes up to 30 minutes^{*}. NHS recommend a temperature of 70°C when making up a bottle. *(Cooling time of at least 20 minutes is suggested by MAM for the boiled water to cool enough to be used for making up a bottle, however depending on the volume, the water still may be very hot after this time and you must be careful to avoid scalding.)

Tip: If sterilising and making up a feed in one go, we recommend: Start by boiling the kettle. While this is boiling and cooling for at least 20 minutes up to 30 minutes (as instructed above), you can sterilise your bottle and leave this to cool for at least 10 minutes before assembling and pouring in the cooled water from your kettle. It is extremely important not to pour boiling water into the bottle, especially while it is still very hot from sterilising.

- Follow instructions included in your formula pack/tub to know how much formula/water is needed.
- Once you have put in your formula and cooled down boiled water, place the teat with collar and lid on top and mix together formula and water. To do so, either gently shake the bottle over a sink and away from you and baby or stir it with a spoon to avoid any air bubbles which might cause colic.
- · We recommend wrapping a towel/cloth around the base when shaking.
- WARNING: Boiled water that has not been left to cool long enough (at least 20 minutes / as instructed above) can cause a considerable amount of pressure to build up in the bottle; this could cause the base to become loose and cause accidents. There is a serious risk of scalding if you do not leave the water in the kettle to cool for at least 20 minutes, however depending on the volume, the water still may be very hot after this time and you must be careful to avoid scalding. Especially if you have not allowed your bottle to cool after sterilising.
- Before feeding to your baby, you should check the bottle is tightly screwed together and test the temperature of the milk. You are now ready to feed your baby.

Tip: MAM Recommend, after the initial 5 seconds of gently shaking, it might be worth undoing the lid, teat and collar to release any build-up of pressure caused by the hot water, you may notice the build-up of pressure from the teat expanding.

Heating/Cooling

- Heating/cooling methods: Bottle warmer, jug of water, running water. Never place in heated oven. NEVER heat the bottle on open flame or fire.
- · Do not overheat as this may damage the bottle
- NHS do not recommend warming in a microwave as this can cause hot spots in the milk.
- After heating milk, stir thoroughly or gently shake to evenly distribute the heat. Always check feeding temperature before giving this to your baby. NEVER heat the bottle with food in it above 70°C.
- NEVER heat or cool a sealed bottle: You MUST remove the lid/teat and collar as a whole beforehand

Tip: MAM recommend, after heating, wrap a cloth or towel around the bottom of the bottle to absorb any excess water and ensure base is tightly screwed on.

Breastmilk use and storage:

- You can store your breastmilk in the Easy Start Bottle in the fridge for up to eight days at 4C or lower.
- The Easy Start Bottle is not suitable for storing milk in the freezer. We recommend using the MAM Storage Solution Pots for freezer storing.

Sterilising/how long will my bottle remain disinfected?

- · Refer to your steriliser instruction leaflet for sterilising times and information.
- Bottles that are self sterilised remain disinfected for up to 48 hours, depending on the cleanliness of hands, surfaces and environmental factors.
- Once a bottle has been removed from a steriliser, the bottle should be used to make a bottle straight away, in keeping with cooling times and safe bottle preperation as stated within these instructions.
- MAM recommends storing all bottles dry, assembled and away from direct sunlight or heat and in a cool and dry environment.

WARNINGS: For your child's safety and health WARNING!

- Always prepare a bottle away from baby!
- · Serious risk of scalding if Self-Sterilising & Making up your bottle instructions are not followed correctly.
- Always use this product under adult supervision, never leave baby alone with this product.
- Never use feeding teats as a soother
- Never attach to cords, ribbons, laces or loose parts of clothing. The child can be strangled.
- Continuous and prolonged sucking of fluids will cause tooth decay do not put baby to bed with a bottle.
- · Always check food temperature before feeding.
- · Keep all components not in use out of the reach of children
- Throw away at the first signs of damage or weakness.
- NEVER heat or cool a sealed bottle: You MUST remove the lid/teat and collar as a whole beforehand.

Other advice:

- The bottle lid is a possible suffocation hazard. Keep out of reach of children.
- The bottle is made from a soft plastic called polypropylene which is hygienic and easy to clean. Avoid any heavy pressure on it, as this may affect the function.
- · Do not use a pin or other sharp object to enlarge the feeding hole of the teat.
- Teats MUST be replaced every 1–2 months for hygiene & safety reasons.
- Do not let babies self-feed
- Only use MAM teats with the MAM bottles. Bottle teat fits all MAM wide neck bottles and the Trainer.
- · Use sugar free foods or liquids only
- · To avoid injury do not let baby walk around with the bottle
- Do not put your baby to bed with a bottle. Prolonged contact with liquids may cause severe tooth decay.
- On first use and sometimes during use, the ventilation slit (in the raised bubble on the underside of the teat base) can stick together. This will prevent air from entering the bottle during feeding and as a result, cause the teat to collapse. Slowly brush over or pinch the bubble (ventilation) a few times with your thumb or fingers to re-open the slit.

6.2. MAM Teat with SkinSoftTM silicone surface

94%* of babies accept this teat quickly and easily.

This is thanks to the time and energy invested in the choice of material, wall thickness, shape and surfaces during

product development.

MAM TEAT

mouth

familiar feeling

with SkinSoftTM silicone surface

Easily accepted by babies – for a

Always fits perfectly in baby's



The oval shape of the MAM teat is modelled to the shape of mother's nipple during feeding. When baby pauses from drinking, the oval nipple shape can be briefly seen before returning to its original state. *Market Research 2009-2023, tested with 1,808 babies

MAM teat size 0 with especially small mouthpiece and opening – ideal for breast milk



 TEAT SIZE
 Especially soft lip rest and small mouthpiece – ideal for newborns

AIR VALVE

- Prevents the teat from collapsing
- Allows for a smooth drinking flow

MAM teat size 0 has been especially developed for newborns.

The very soft lip rest with its SkinSoft™ silicone surface and small mouthpiece fits perfectly with newborns' features.

The teat is especially small, symmetrical and flattened, with an opening that has been carefully adapted to allow thin breast milk to pass through.

The MAM teat is available in five different sizes:



7. Troubleshooting for breast pump

If the monitor is not running

- · Check to see that the power cord is properly attached to the pump if the pump is running on battery.
- · Check to see if the toggle switch is ON without the adapter.
- Ensure battery power is available without the adapter. If not, plug in for charging or pumping.

If there is low or no suction

- · Check that all connections are properly attached at all connection points.
- $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ Check that the silicone cushion is firmly seated in the funnel adapter.
- $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ Check that the valve body is firmly connected to the funnel adapter.
- Check that the valve membrane is securely seated and flat on the valve body.

- · Check that the membrane cap/handle holder is properly connected.
- · Check that the tubing is not bent and there is no liquid in the tubing.
- Ensure that the breast shield forms a complete seal around the breast.

Milk backflow

- If milk or water is found in the membrane or tubing, rinse the tubing with clean, hot water. Hang up to air dry completely before using.
- · Check to ensure that the membrane is not damaged.
- If E1 or E2 appears on the LED display, it means that there is an open or short circuit in the internal battery. Please contact the MAM Customer Service department.
- If E3 appears on the LED display, it means that the internal temperature of the pump unit is over or below the
 optimal working temperature (from 5° to 60°). After this message occurs please turn the device off. You can
 start reusing the electric breast pump after 15 minutes.



8. Environment/Disposal

This product contains rechargeable batteries. In the interests of protecting the environment, please do not dispose of the product in household waste at the end of its useful life. Disposal should take place at an approved recycling location. A lithium-ion battery is built in: DO NOT remove the battery yourself. As the battery needs to be collected, please ask for help to remove the battery from the appliance at the recycling location.

9. Warranty

This appliance is covered by a statutory 2-year warranty period from the date of purchase upon presentation of proof of purchase. This does not include damage that is attributable to natural wear and tear, improper use and insufficient or incorrect maintenance. If handled carefully and in accordance with the instruction manual, the manufacturer provides a 2-year warranty from the date of purchase. The power cord and electric adapter are excluded from the warranty in cases of normal wear and tear. When returning the appliance under warranty, always be sure to enclose proof of purchase.

10. Repair notes

If the appliance ever needs repairing, under no circumstances attempt to open it. The appliance cannot be opened. In the event of a malfunction or if the power cord and adapter develops a fault, please send the appliance directly to the MAM Customer Service department. **Important:** improper repairs can make the appliance extremely dangerous to use.

11. Technical data

Power adapter: Power input: 100–240 V; 50–60 Hz / Power output: 10V 1,5A Power rating: 15W Lithium battery: 1750mAh Stimulation speed: 100CPM Stimulation vacuum: -0,002MPa to -0,018MPaExpression speed: 26 – 60 CPM Expression vacuum: -0,013 to -0,036MPaTimer: 30 min Operation conditions: $+5^{\circ}$ C to $+40^{\circ}$ C, relative humidity $\leq 90\%$

IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS:

- •Serious risk of scalding if instructions are not followed correctly!
- •Never pour boiling water into the bottle.
- •Cooled boiled water can still be extremely hot, pressure build up in the bottle can happen.

- •If shaking when making up a feed, shake over the sink, with base facing away. Ideally with a towel/cloth wrapped around.
- •Never prepare the bottle whilst holding a baby.
- •Never screw any parts of the bottle together when self sterilising/ sterilising.
- •It is very important to allow sterilised bottles to cool down for at least 10 minutes before preparing a feed.